The Chicago Tribune.

VOL. 24. CHICAGO, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1870. NO. 118.

FOREIGN.

The Franco-Prussian War.

Latest Reports Concerning the Peace Movement.

Russia's Course Causes Uneasiness in the British Cabinet.

Russia Thought to be Working for the Isolation of England in the Eastern Question.

The Mass of the German People Reported as Clamoring for Peace.

The Situation in Paris to the 18th Inst.

The Political Troubles at Marseilles Increasing.

Conference Between Bismarck and the South German Representatives on the Subject of Union.

THE PEACE MOVEMENT.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* announces that a meeting between Thiers and Bismarck has been arranged; the government at Tours having accepted the principles of the armistice.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—Despatches from Tours, Thursday evening, state that the Government of National Defense has decided to enter into negotiations for peace. The first step for Thiers to enter Paris is not expected for a week or ten days.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 26.—The *Journal*, official organ, hopes that the discussion of the conditions of peace will not be mixed up with the discussion of the armistice. The Government (it says) is the only competent power to decide that question. The writer holds further that regarding the armistice as a measure of humanity, Paris may be victimized.

FRANCE, Oct. 26.—The French regret England's cool affair at moment so rich in extreme interest.

It is reported on the Continent that Queen Victoria has written to the King of Prussia urging him to accept his humiliation.

[Special Despatch to the New York Tribune.]

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The Prussian reply to the proposal of the Powers to intervene in favor of peace is considered favorable. It is said that Count Bismarck has consented to a meeting between Thiers and Favre and the Prussian King, and that the latter has agreed to receive them.

The Paris correspondent of the *Daily News* says that Favre will not leave Paris. He is determined to remain and share the fate of the city.

The Paris correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* says that Favre has declared that he will not leave Paris, and that he will not accept the responsibility of negotiating for peace

The Chicago Tribune

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THURSDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1870.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Governor of the State of Illinois,
JOHN A. LOGAN,
of Jackson County.

For Secretary of State,
GENERAL SHERMAN H. HAYNE,
of Piatt County.

For Auditor of Public Accounts,
GENERAL EDWARD RUMMEL,
of Cook County.

For Treasurer,
GENERAL ERASTUS S. SALISBURY,
of Peoria County.

For Attorney-General,
GENERAL WASHINGTON BUSHNELL,
of Knox County.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

A meeting of the Republicans of Hyde Park Township will be held at the Engine-House, on Saturday evening, October 29, at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Township officers, to be voted for at the election on the 8th of November.

By order of the Committee.

H. H. HAYNE, Town Treasurer, will be in his office on Saturday, October 29, 1870, from 1 to 5 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of receiving the Township Collector's books for collection.

Hyde Park, October 27, 1870.

TOWNSHIP CAUCUS.

A meeting of the Republicans of Lake Township will be held at the Engine-House, on Wednesday evening, October 26, at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Township officers, to be voted for at the election on the 8th of November.

By order of the Committee.

Lake Township, October 25, 1870.

TOWNSHIP CAUCUS.

A meeting of the Republicans of Jefferson Township will be held at the Engine-House, on Wednesday evening, October 26, at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Township officers, to be voted for at the election on the 8th of November.

By order of the Committee.

Jefferson Township, October 25, 1870.

MR. FARWELL'S POPULARITY.

The friends of Mr. C. B. Farwell allege that he is popular, very popular, and refer to his previous elections as proof of the fact. It is within the recollection of many of our citizens that, in the spring of 1869, Mr. Farwell ran for the office of Alderman of the old Third Ward, and previously of the Fourteenth Ward. Mr. Farwell's opponent was Levi J. North, a circus actor and clown. Mr. North was first brought out against Mr. Farwell in the way of a joke, but the thing was made the occasion of a political contest, and yet they insist that Mr. Farwell is popular. Mr. Farwell was beaten by 74 majority. It is also recalled that just only three Aldermen, and one of these was the circus performer, Levi J. North, ever in the Common Council, and that one of the distinguished politician, C. B. Farwell? Mr. North, we believe, never held an office in the Council, but was defeated with his enhancement in defeating Mr. Farwell.

In 1867, Mr. Farwell's term as County Clerk was about to expire. The people of Chicago had got rather tired of him. The Democratic party organization was completed by a call for a full ticket and a Union Convention, similar to the Democratic, and the other half Republican. The Union-Anti-Farwell ticket was put in the field, and Mr. Farwell was nominated. The event which both the Democrats and Republicans had been contemplated, but succeeded in making an anti-Farwell convention with universal subscription. The people of Chicago, however, were not to be thus imposed upon, and the Farwell ticket was voted for, and the candidate consequently elected, and a committee was appointed to put up a new ticket, with Farwell's name left off. This was done a few days before the election, and Mr. L. F. Hilliard was made the Republican candidate for County Clerk. The second ticket, like the first, had a good Democratic name on it, but the principal difference was that Farwell was on one, and not on the other.

The result was that both some of the counties on the Union ticket were elected. Farwell was defeated, running far behind all the other candidates. Such is his present popularity.

A WRANGLE AND HORNET BOUT.

A Court and jury, in Elkhart County, Indiana, have on a protracted drag-net, which, it is to be hoped, will not be adopted. Last January, Mr. Ellis, a merchant of that county, fell behind his creditors, and, after about a day or two, and next day walked into the dry goods store of J. Williams as at work, without the least warning. Soon after, Mr. Ellis's wife called and told him that her husband had left home. This was all that had passed "emotional insanity," unless the influence of which he was the victim. This de-
fense is of recent origin in this country, and is intended to be a relative. No one believes it to any of the cases. Now is the last instance. Though the defense is, technically, insanity, the real defense is unmitigated rum and the wits of the jurors are not materially intimidated that this fact is a justification for murder, or even for robbery, or an outside pressure to
[illegible] robbery or a defense for murder, and that, too, without any proof of the
[illegible] insanity, except that of a
[illegible] the only evidence that exists is
[illegible] and, perhaps, a "confession" by
[illegible] of a knife or a pistol. Among
[illegible] strenuous advocates of the
[illegible] Ward, that and previously
[illegible] that his wife had told him that
[illegible] her own mind, had left home. This
[illegible] Ellis had left home, was ut-
[illegible] had pastured "emotional insanity,"
[illegible] the influence of which he
[illegible] the other's life. This de-
[illegible] of insanity is as much
[illegible] to be a relative. No one believes
[illegible] to any of the cases. Now is the last
[illegible] instance. Though the defense is,
[illegible] insanity, the real defense is
[illegible] unmitigated rum and the wits of the
[illegible] are not materially intimidated
[illegible] that this fact is a justification for murder,
[illegible] or even for robbery, or an outside pressure to
[illegible] robbery or a defense for murder,
[illegible]

A RELIEF

Invented by a Practical Physician, and Now Offered to the Public.

THE TEXAS CATTLE TRADE.

A Full Account of the Manner in Which the Business is Conducted.

THE STORM.

Terrible Destruction of Life and Property.

Full Particulars of the Disaster.

Appalling Loss of Life.

Over Two Hundred Persons Drowned.

Immense Destruction of Property.

Vessels Driven Ashore and Wrecked.

Heavy Losses in Chicago.

STEAMER BOILER EXPLODING.

A Fearful Accident.

Four Persons Killed.

DAVID A. WELLS IN CINCINNATI.

He is Invited to Address the Citizens on Revenue Reform.

THE INDIANS.

The Dakotas and Northern Pacific Railroad.

Business Failures.

MEDICAL CARDS.

Dr. A. G. Olin,

Private Matters.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

Dr. Townsend

Your Destiny

Blackwell and Tousimi Vigor

Dr. Bassett,

Shatters Constitutions

Take no More Unpleasant and Unsafe Remedies

Getting Married.

The Glory of Man is Strength.

Private Consultation.

Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

For Non-Retention of Incontinence

Dissolution.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

THE LAW COURTS.

Suspension of Business of the Supreme Court Ordered Vacated.

The Historical Society After a Bequest.

Probationary Bonus.

SUPREME COURT.

SPECIAL TERM.

The special Judges of the State Courts deemed it necessary, on account of the absence of Judge Drummond, to suspend the business of the Federal Courts, and to adjourn them over for one week, in order to enable the Judges to attend the session of the Supreme Court, which convened in this city on Tuesday last. The Judges have determined to sit in this matter until the convening of the January term, 1871. The object may be to announce that the Court will not sit in December, and thus avoid holding terms with a sparsely attended bar.

United States Circuit Court.

CHANCERY.

Before Hon. William A. Woodward.

Ogden et al. vs. William B. Ogden et al.—Motion by complainants' solicitors for an order that the receiver be required to report for confirmation the sale of the property in the bill described, by the 1st day of next term. The fact stated that the receiver had sold the property for $1,000,000, payable in cash and 6 and 7 per cent bonds, due in 1 and 2 years, secured by mortgage on the property. The sale was made subject to the approval of the Court, and that the receiver was desirous of a new order that a new sale might be made. The Court said that the sale was made subject to the approval of the Court, and that the receiver must report on that matter. The Court, of course, declined to do all the negotiating for the receiver. The Court declined to make the order asked for. The Illinois Supreme Court were unwilling that the Court of the first State in the order of importance in point of population in the Union should be the only one in which the Judges of the Court are not elected by the people. The Judgment rendered was entered accordingly.

Same vs. Same.—Motion by complainants' solicitors for an order that the receiver be required to report for confirmation the sale of the property in the bill described at the same time as the report in the foregoing case. The fact stated that the receiver had sold the property for $1,000,000, payable in cash and 6 and 7 per cent bonds, due in 1 and 2 years, secured by mortgage on the property. The sale was made subject to the approval of the Court, and that the receiver was desirous of a new order that a new sale might be made. The Court said that the sale was made subject to the approval of the Court, and that the receiver must report on that matter. The Court, of course, declined to do all the negotiating for the receiver. The Court declined to make the order asked for. The Illinois Supreme Court were unwilling that the Court of the first State in the order of importance in point of population in the Union should be the only one in which the Judges of the Court are not elected by the people. The Judgment rendered was entered accordingly.

The Court announced its intention of the trial from October next to the first Monday in December next, on account of the absence of the Judge on the Supreme Bench, and that no business would be transacted during that time except such as was necessary for Mr. Goodrich's abilities as a counsel.

The performance will be repeated this evening, and we hope to see a full house.

Circuit Court.

JURY TRIALS.

Before Hon. Joseph E. Gary.

GRAND CONCERT.

The grand concert which takes place on Thursday evening, do still give a performance of the new organ, has obtained a celebrity, and there will be a number of vocal and instrumental performers. Tickets can be had at music stores, 153 State street, and at the door.

Superior Court.

Before Hon. Joseph E. Gary.

Wilhelmina Kaiser vs. Frederick C. Carpenter. Dy. for $5,000 on note dated January 27, 1870.

Probate Court.

JOHN C. HAINES, Judge.

ORDER OF BUSINESS—ADMINISTRATION.

Estate of Jacob Schoenhofen, deceased. Petition for letters of administration filed by Ferdinand Kaiser. Letters issued. Bond, $5,000.

Estate of Ernest Heinz, deceased. Petition for letters of administration filed by Ferdinand Kaiser. Letters issued. Bond, $5,000.

Divorce Business.

ASKED IN CIRCUIT COURT.

Margaret Priestfield, Mrs. Ryan, S. Wetmore, Frederick Priestfield, Mrs. Ryan, S. Wetmore, Chicago, June 3, 1866. Two children. Charge, desertion. Answer filed. Decree of divorce. Custody of children to Margaret Priestfield.

Mary Ann Hall vs. Thomas Hall. Married in Chicago, June 3, 1866. Two children. Charge, desertion. Answer filed. Decree of divorce. Custody of children to father.

Mary E. Newman vs. Mary A. Newman, this County. No divorce. Marriage at Winchester, Ill., 1855. Two children. Charge, desertion during two and a half years. Decree of divorce. Custody of children to Mary E. Newman.

Mary Ann Gilbert vs. Charles Gilbert, late Wheeler, Ill. Decree. Marriage at Hennepin, Ill., 1855. Charge, desertion. Custody of children to Mary Ann Gilbert.

Alonzo J. Barrows vs. Harriet F. Barrows. Married in Chicago, Dec. 25, 1867. Charge, desertion. Decree of divorce. Custody of children to Alonzo J. Barrows.

Jeannette E. Schlegenhaft vs. Christian Schlegenhaft, Chicago. Married in Chicago, Dec. 25, 1867. Charge, desertion. Decree of divorce. Custody of children to Jeannette E. Schlegenhaft